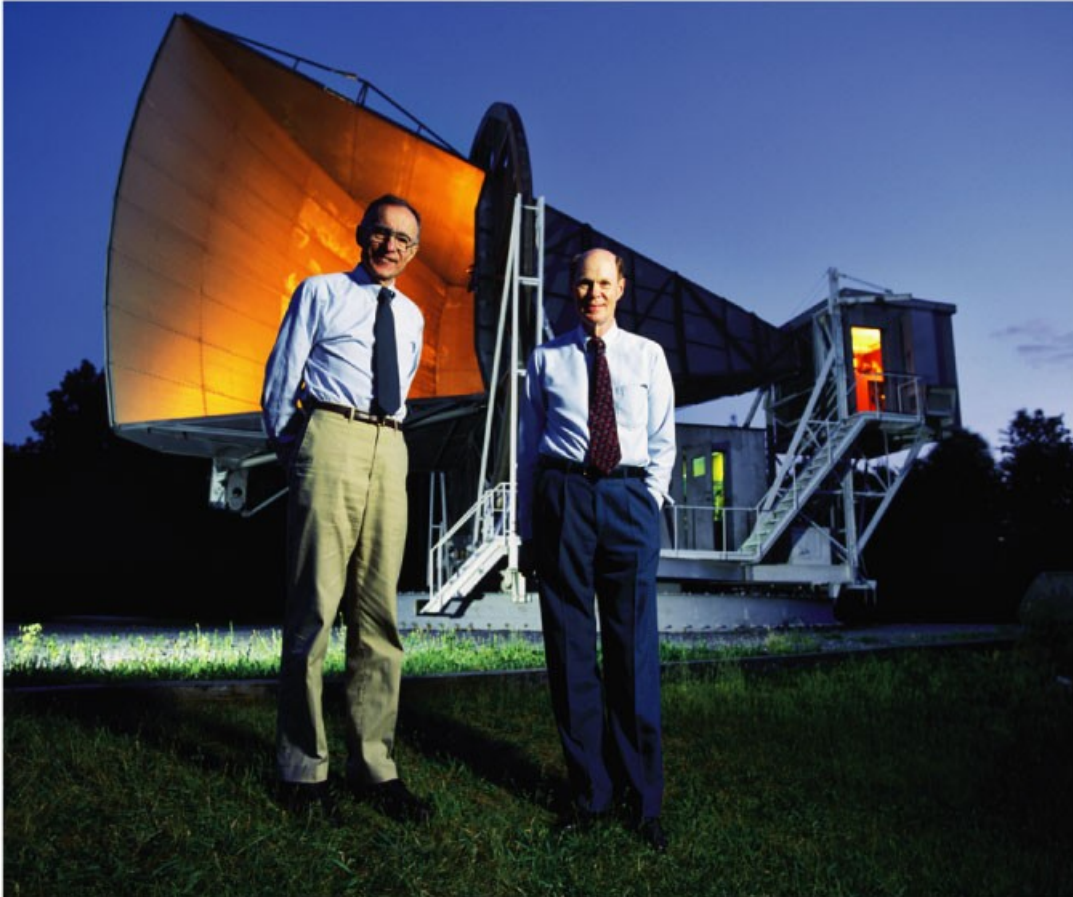


# CMB Slides

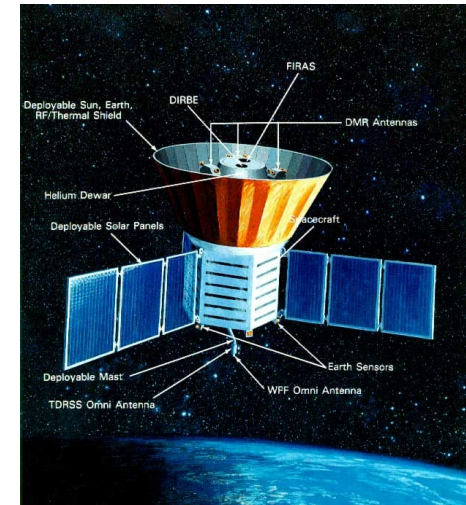
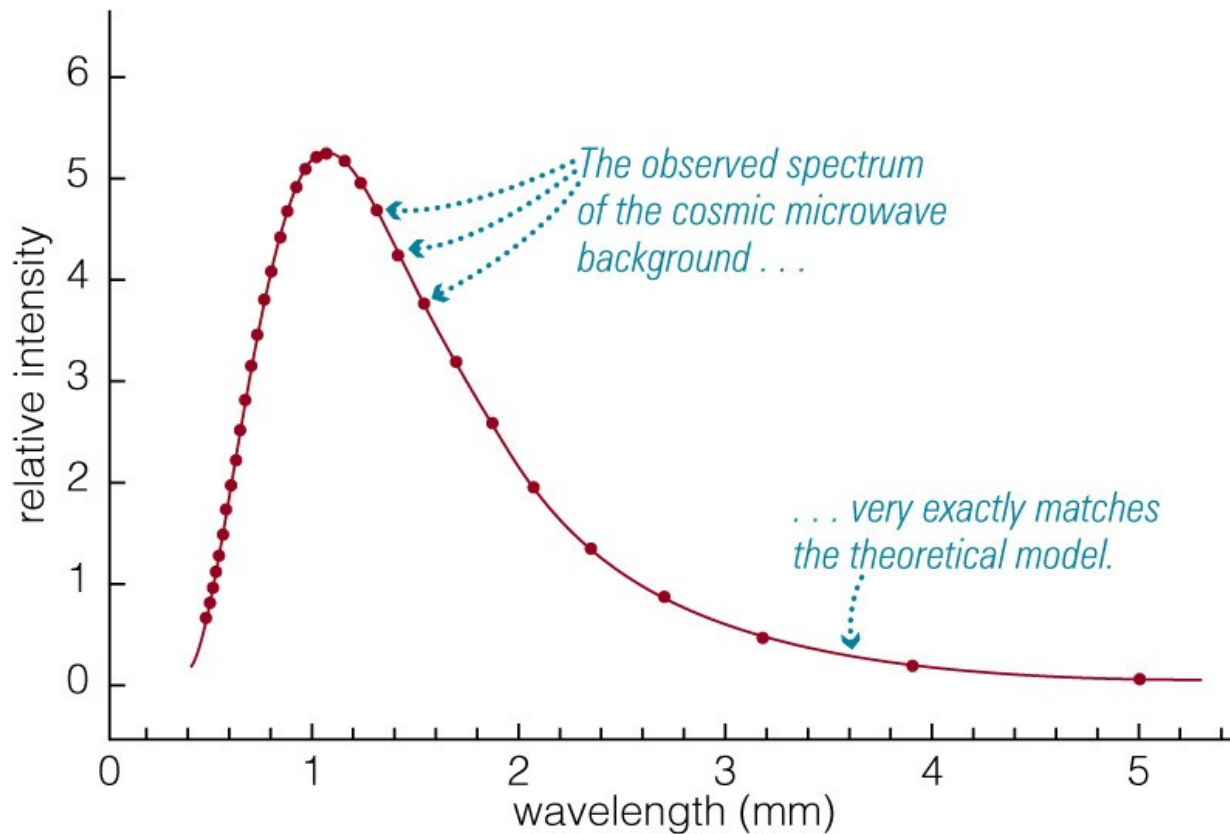
# Penzias & Wilson



- stumbled into CMB in 1965 while studying galaxy
- found excess  $\sim 3$  K thermal radiation in all directions ( $\sim 1$  mm wavelength)
- only later realized what it was
- Nobel Prize 1978

# CMB Spectrum

Most Perfect Thermal Emitter Ever Measured!



COBE, early 1990's

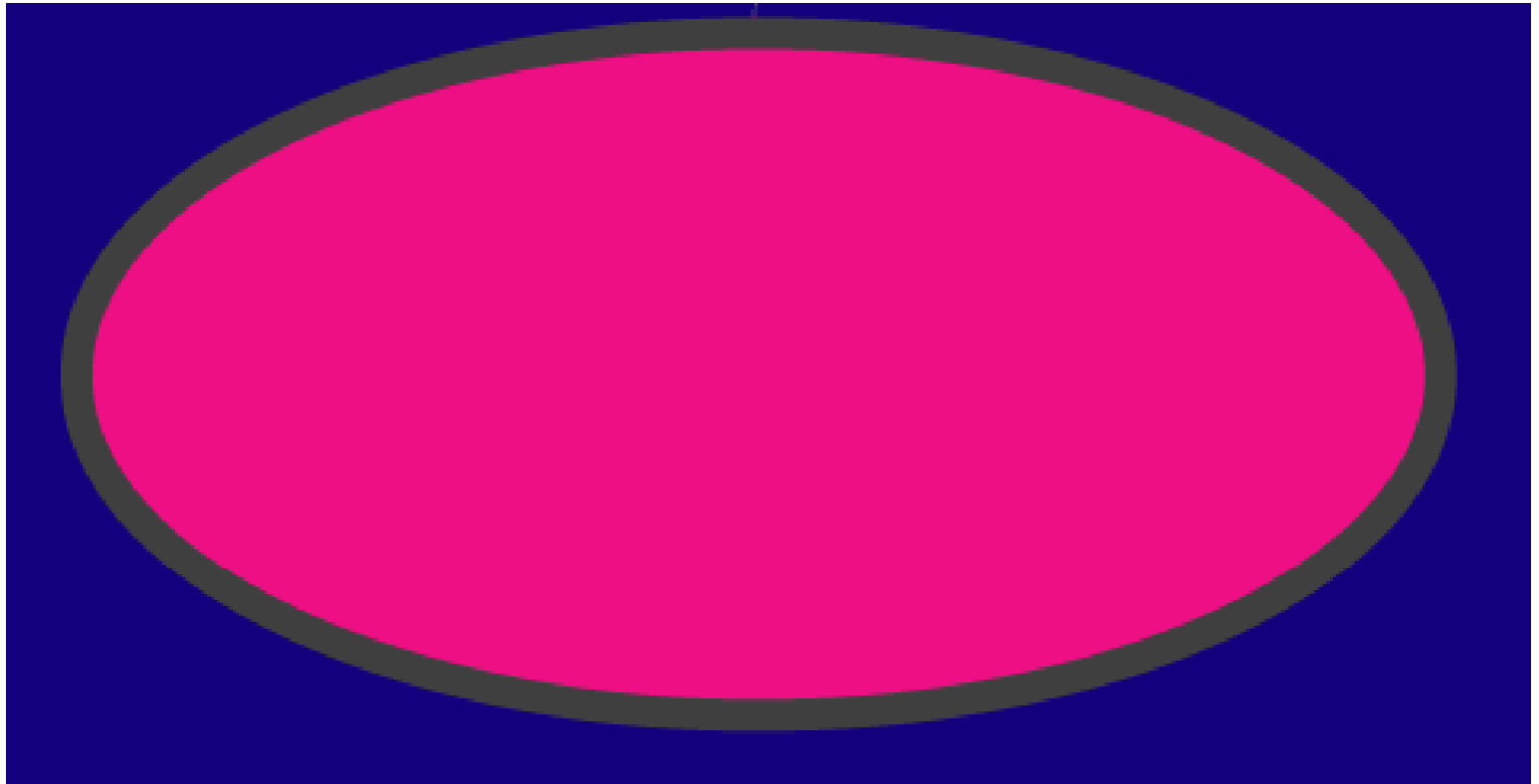


John Mather  
2006 Nobel Prize

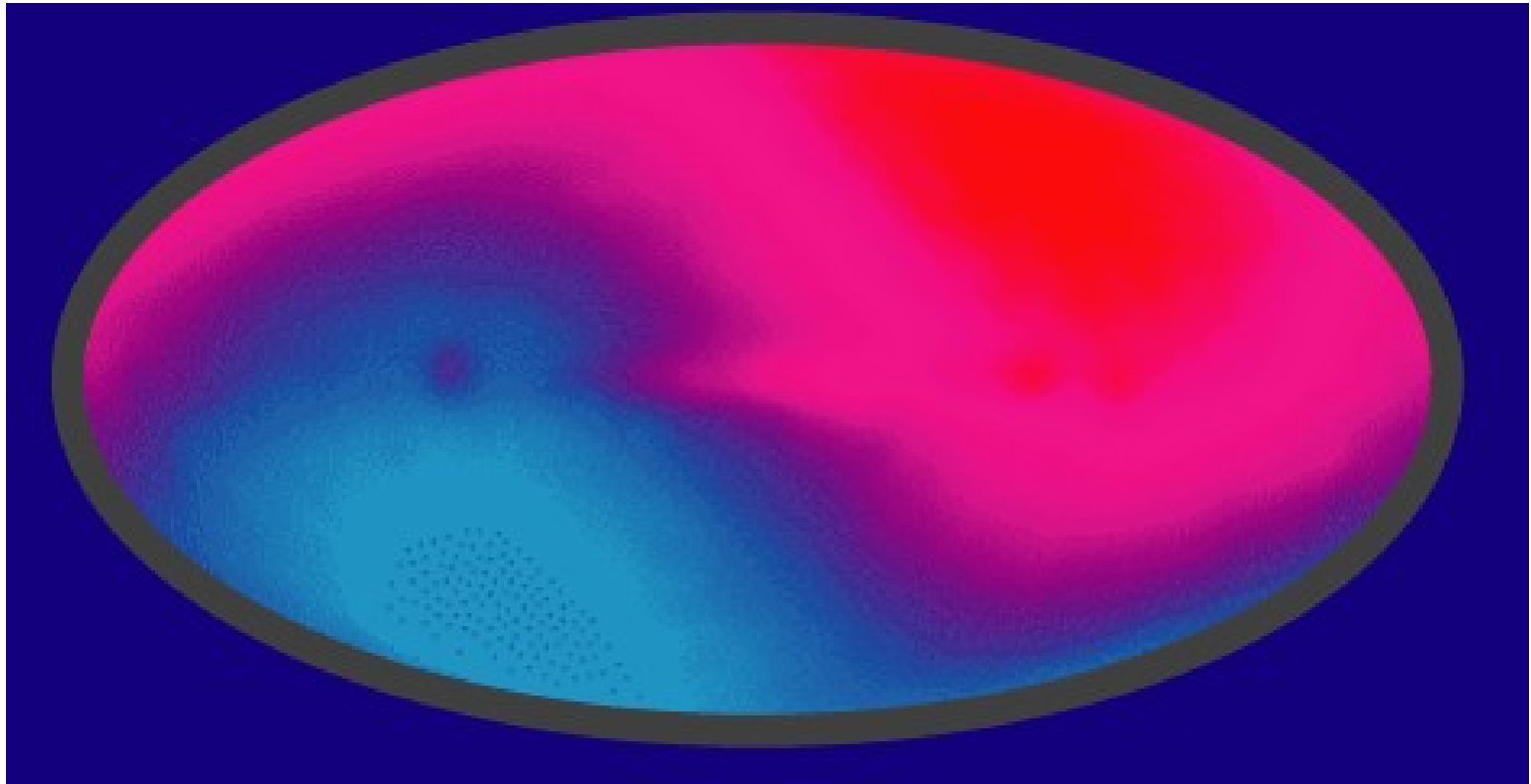
# CMB Fun Facts

- $\sim 400$  photons per  $\text{cm}^3$
- speed of light is large!  $10^{13}$  photons per  $\text{cm}^2$  per second!
- accounts for a few percent of the TV “snow” you see between stations (for those of you without cable....)

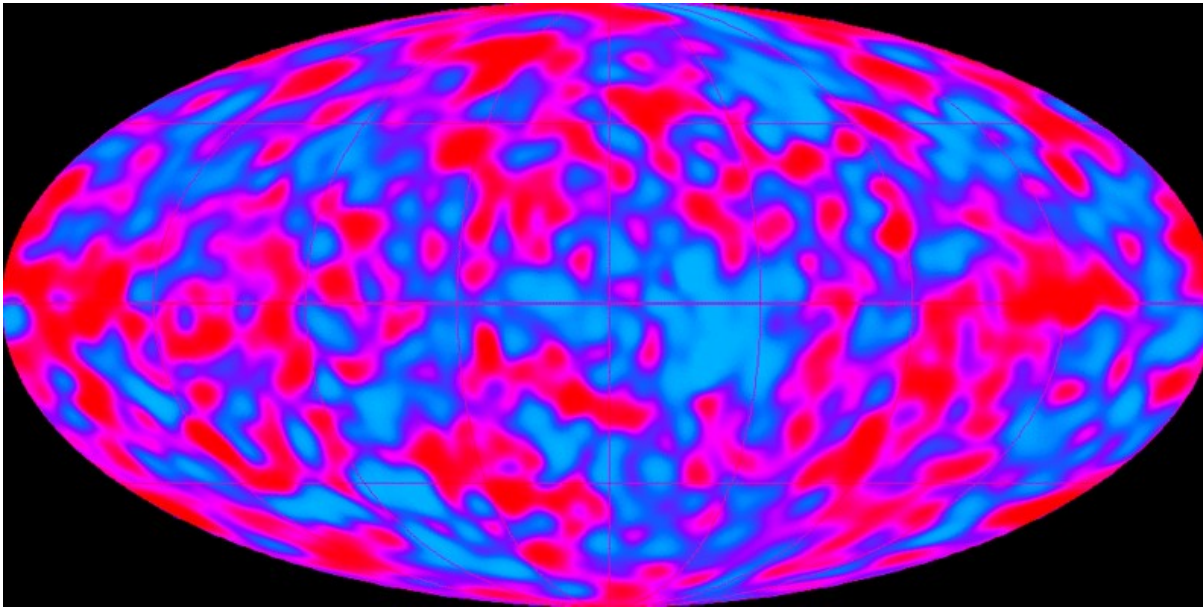
# Monopole



# Dipole



# CoBE Satellite

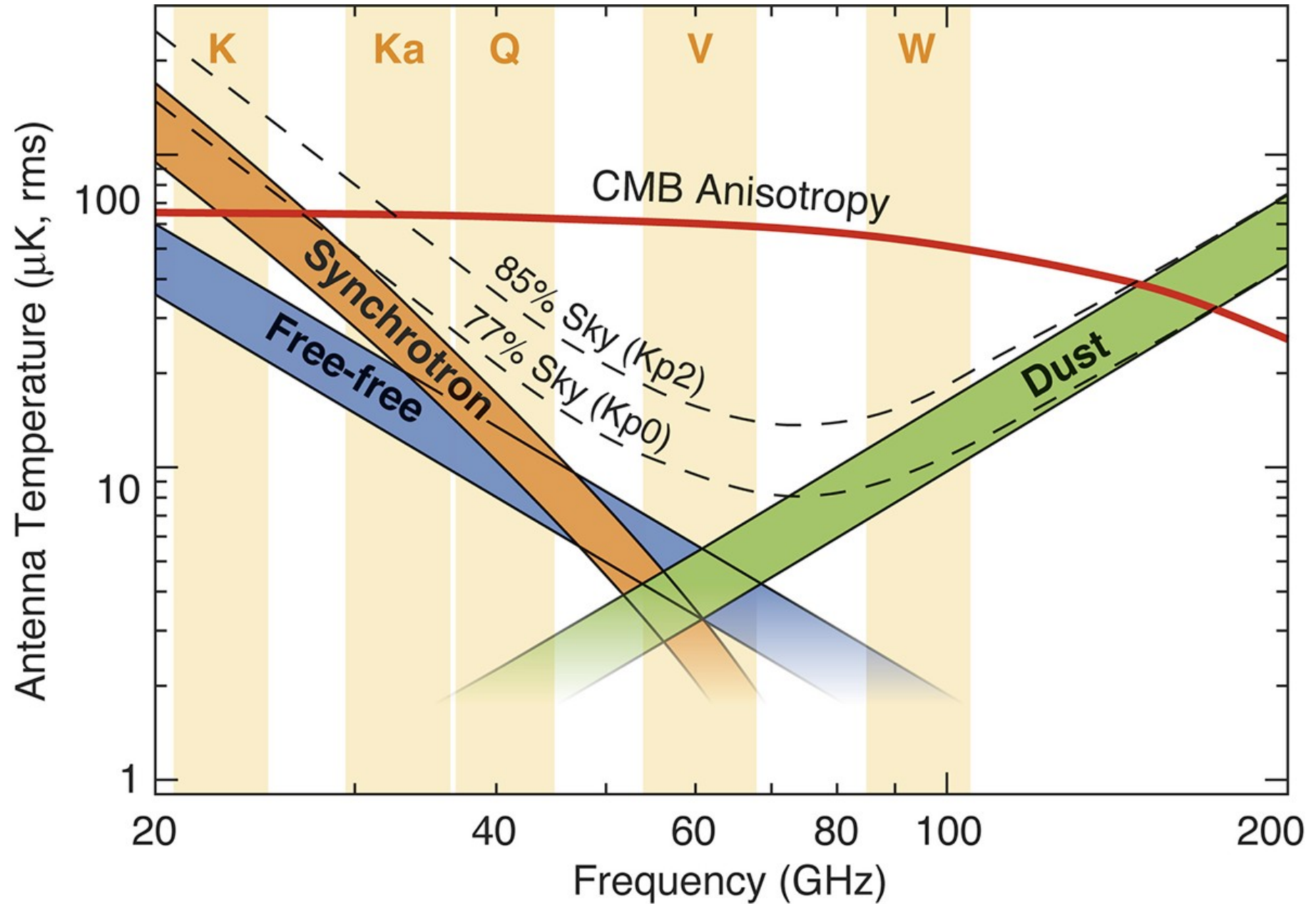


first map of CMB fluctuations, early 1990's, COBE mission



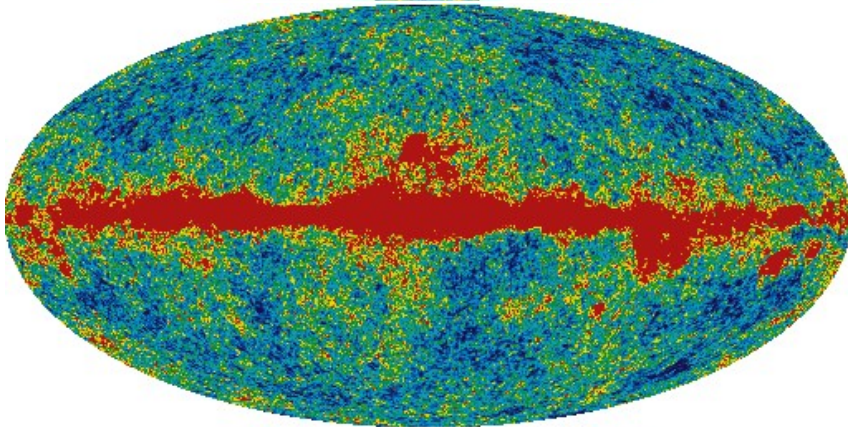
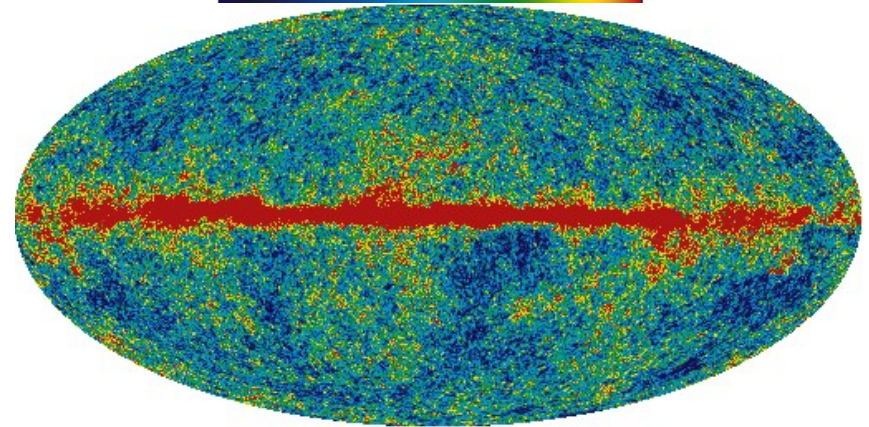
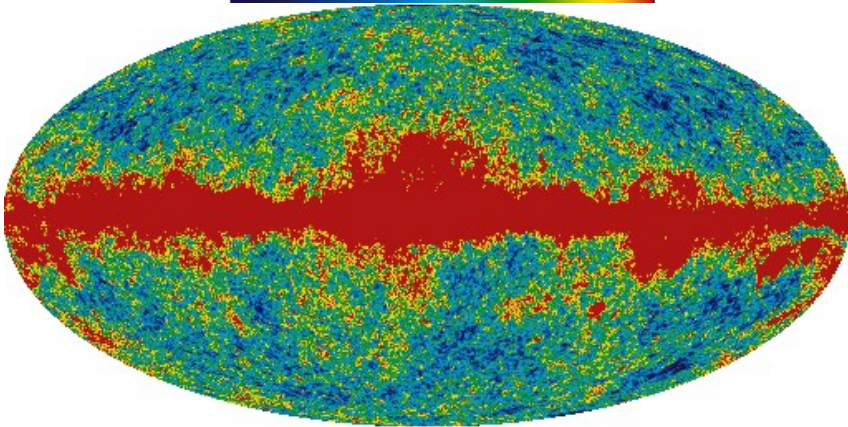
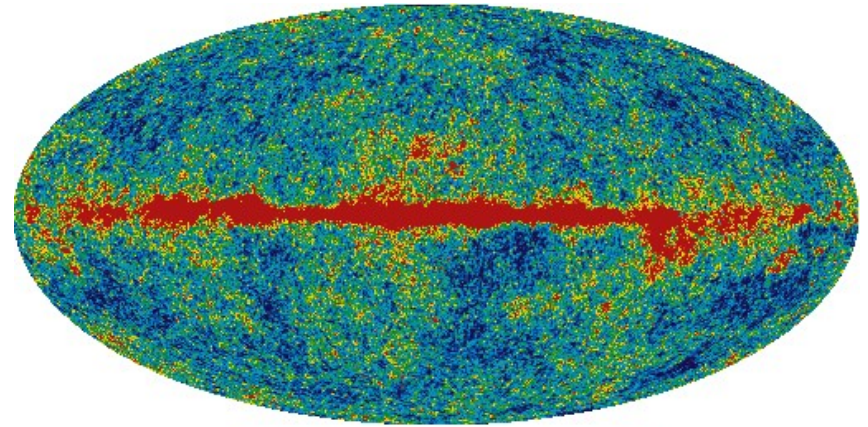
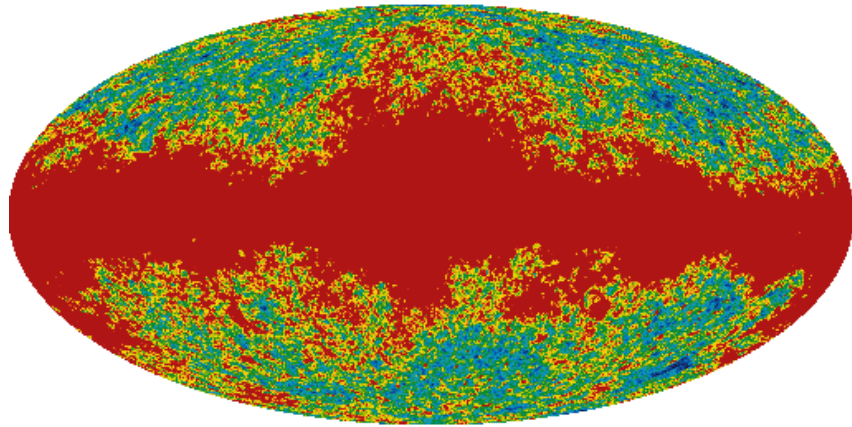
George Smoot  
2006 Nobelist

# Foreground Removal

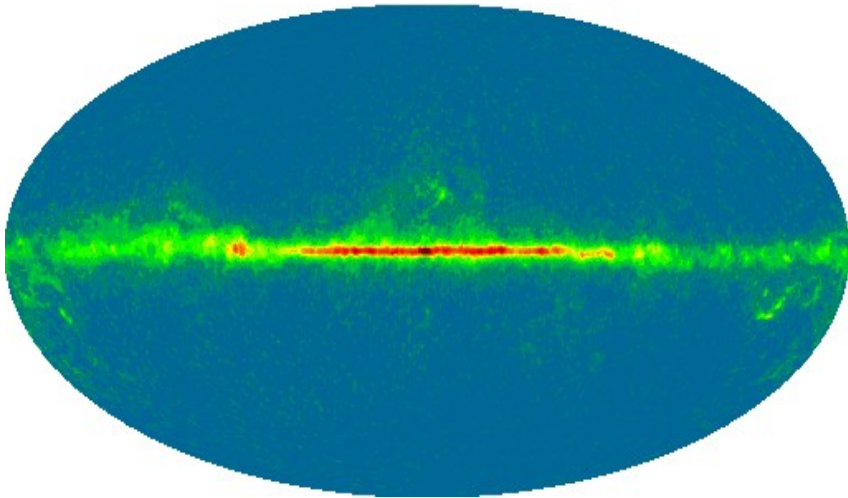




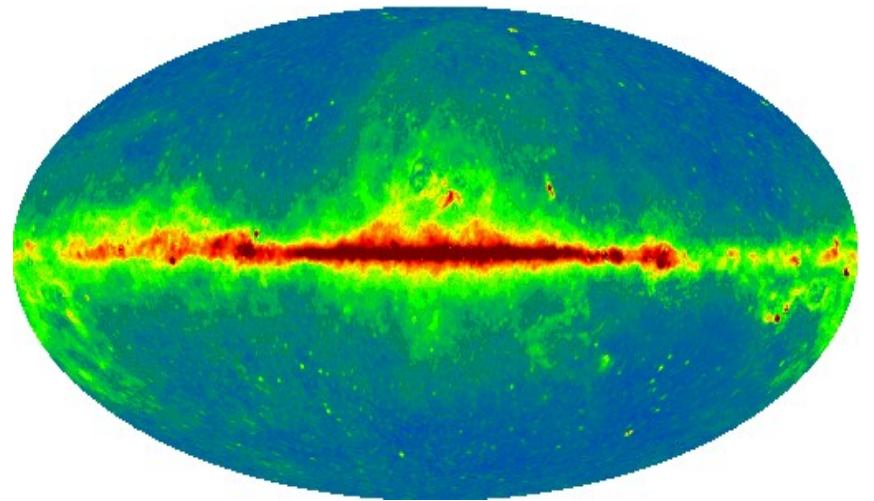
# “Raw” Maps at 5 Wavelengths



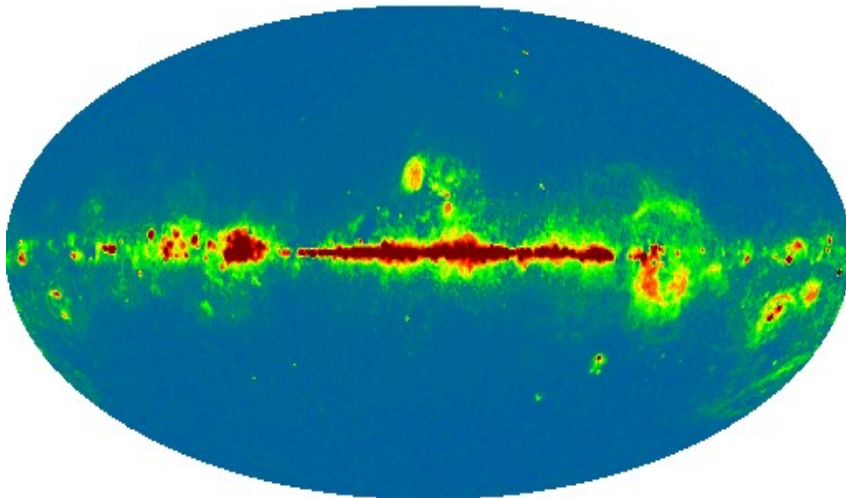
# Foreground Models



dust

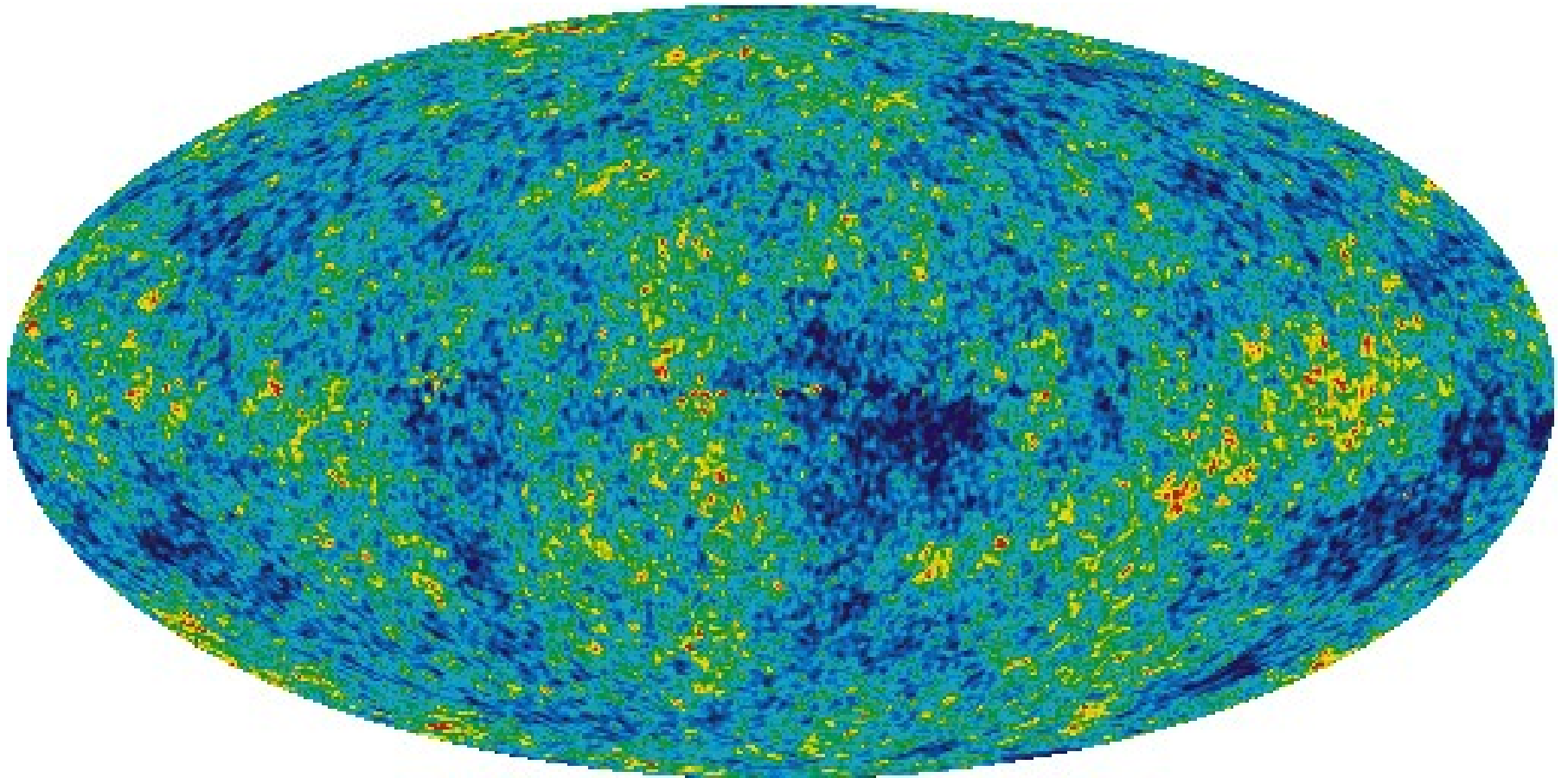


synchrotron

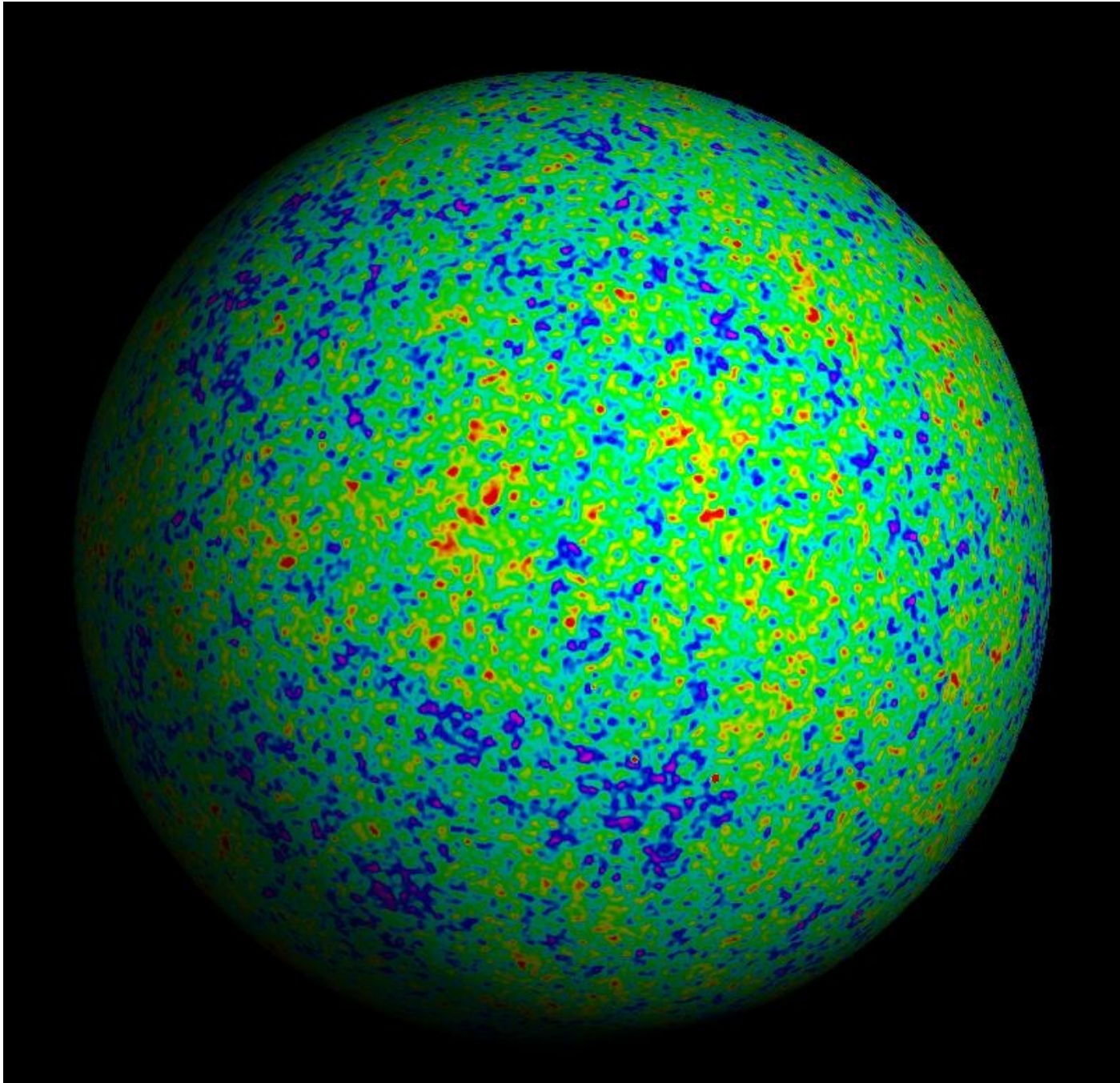


free-free

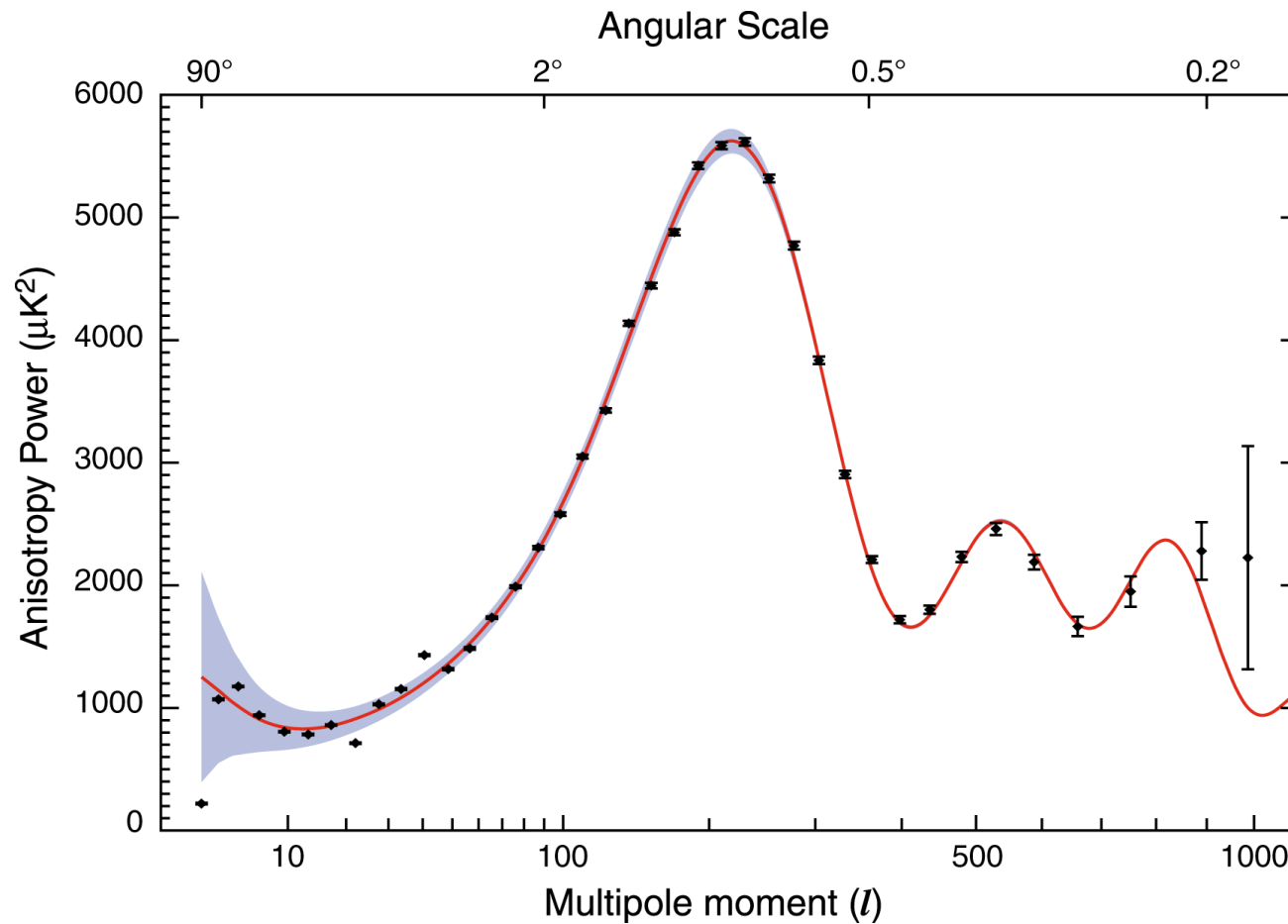
# Foreground-subtracted

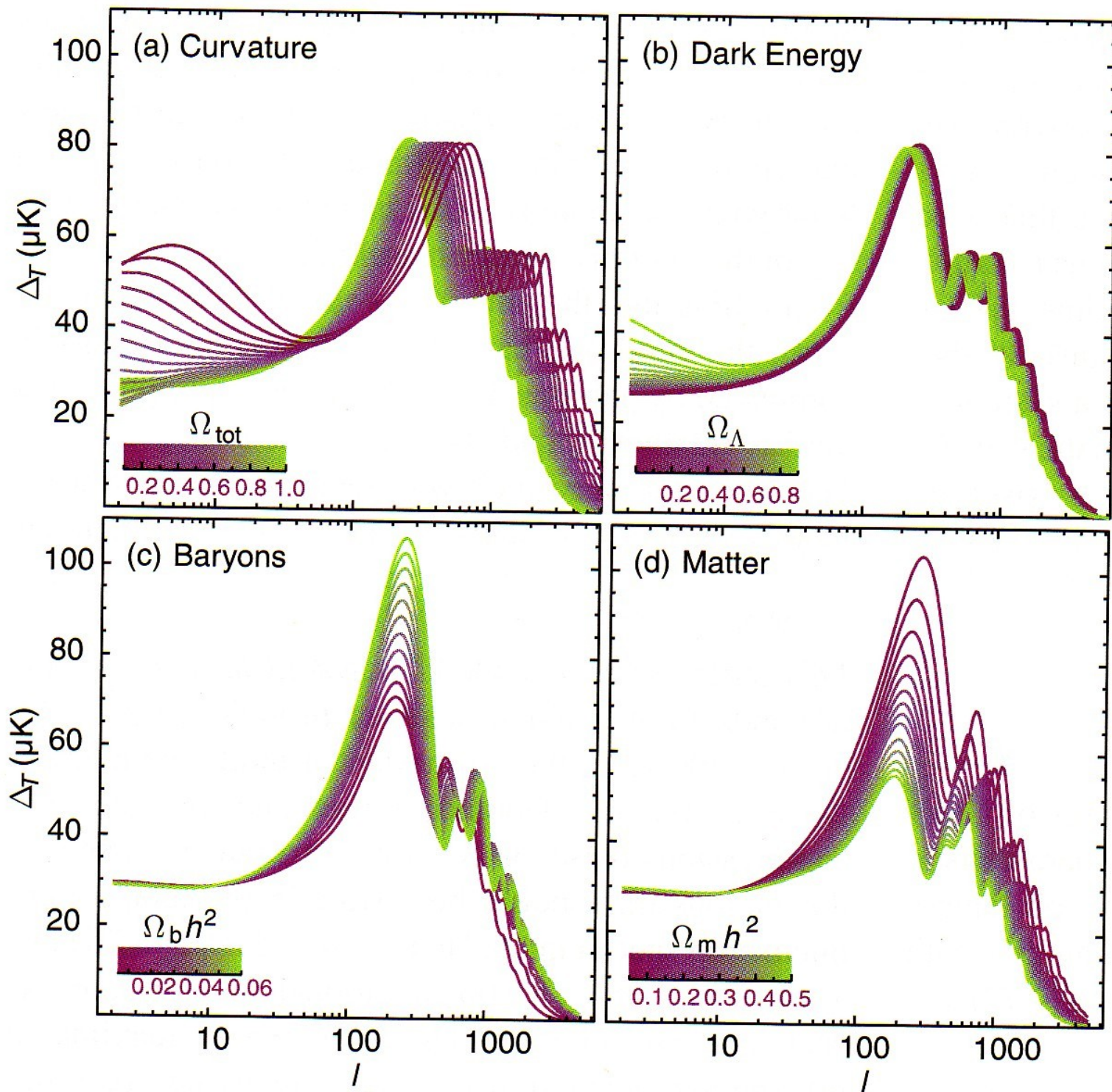


# A Different View

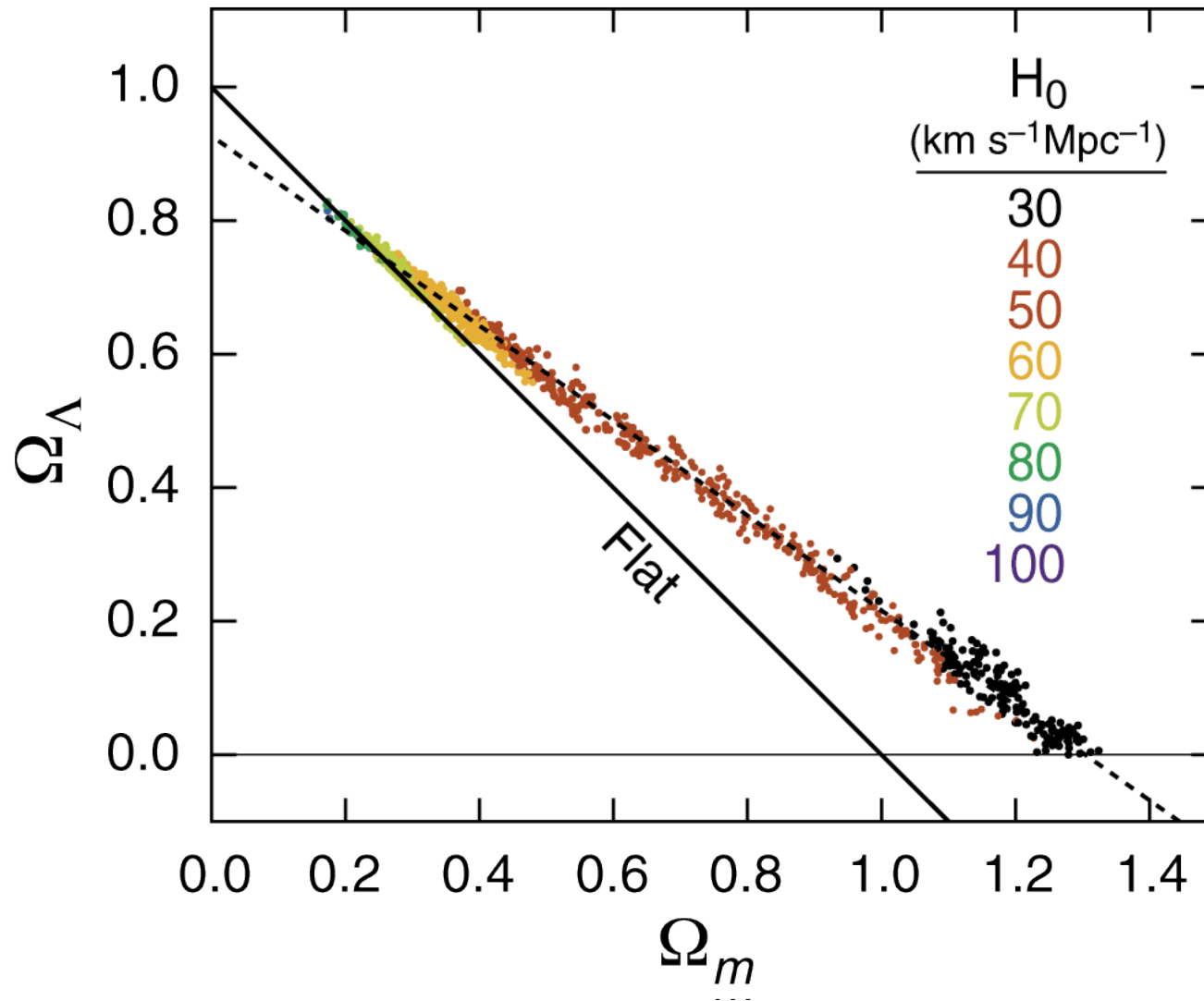


# CMB Anisotropies (WMAP3)

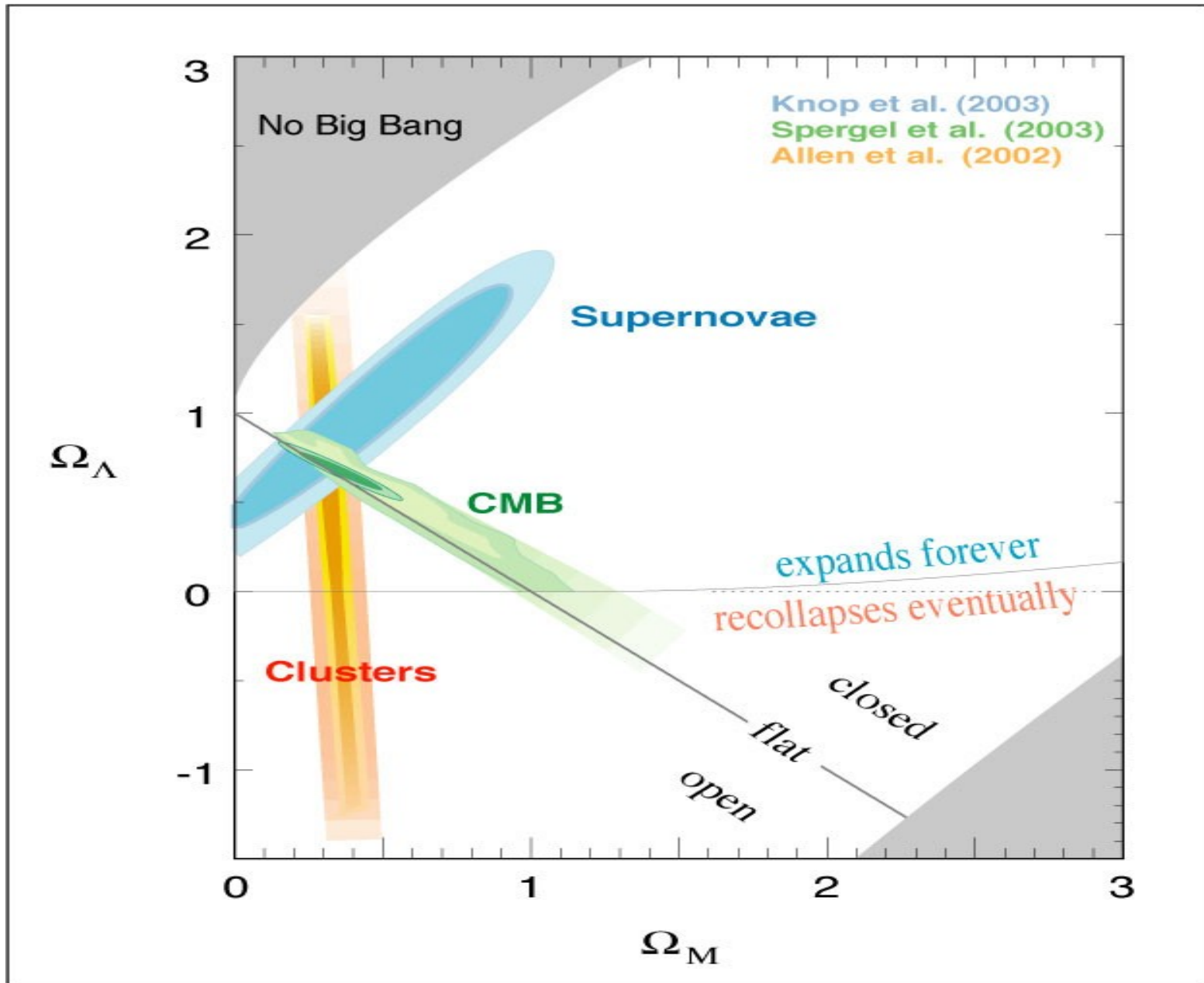




# WMAP3 Implications



# WMAP Implications





WMAP Cosmological Parameters	
Model: $\Lambda$ cdm	
Data: wmap	
$10^2 \Omega_b h^2$	$2.229 \pm 0.073$
$\Delta_{\mathcal{R}}^2(k = 0.002/\text{Mpc})$	$(23.5 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-10}$
$h$	$0.732^{+0.031}_{-0.032}$
$H_0$	$73.2^{+3.1}_{-3.2} \text{ km/s/Mpc}$
$\log(10^{10} A_s)$	$3.156 \pm 0.056$
$n_s(0.002)$	$0.958 \pm 0.016$
$\Omega_b h^2$	$0.02229 \pm 0.00073$
$\Omega_c h^2$	$0.1054^{+0.0078}_{-0.0077}$
$\Omega_\Lambda$	$0.759 \pm 0.034$
$\Omega_m$	$0.241 \pm 0.034$
$\Omega_m h^2$	$0.1277^{+0.0080}_{-0.0079}$
$\sigma_8$	$0.761^{+0.049}_{-0.048}$
$\tau$	$0.089 \pm 0.030$
$\theta_A$	$0.5952 \pm 0.0021$ <sup>◻</sup>
$z_r$	$11.0^{+2.6}_{-2.5}$

+derived quantities such as  $t_0=13.7 \text{ Gyr}$