

| Magnetic force \mathbf{F}_m | Magnetic field $\mathbf{B} \sim \mathbf{F}_m/qv$ | Magnetic induction (Faraday) | Electric induction (Biot-Savart-Maxwell) |
|--|--|--|---|
| $\mathbf{F}_{12} = \frac{\mu_0}{4} \frac{q_2 \mathbf{v}_2 \times (q_1 \mathbf{v}_1 \times \hat{\mathbf{r}}_{12})}{r_{12}^2}$ $= q_2 \mathbf{v}_2 \times \mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}_2)$ | $\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}_2) = \frac{\mu_0}{4} \frac{q_1 \mathbf{v}_1 \times \hat{\mathbf{r}}_{12}}{r_{12}^2}$ | Faraday-Lenz's law: $\oint_c \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = -\frac{d}{dt} \int_{S_c} \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{A}$ | Ampere-Maxwell $\oint_c \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \mu_0 I_c + \mu_0 \int_{S_c} \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{A}$ |
| $d\mathbf{F}_{12} = I_2 d\mathbf{l}_2 \times \frac{\mu_0}{4} \frac{I_1 d\mathbf{l}_1 \times \hat{\mathbf{r}}_{12}}{ \mathbf{r}_{12} ^2}$ $= I_2 d\mathbf{l}_2 \times d\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}_2)$ | $d\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}_2) = \frac{\mu_0}{4} \frac{I_1 d\mathbf{l}_1 \times \hat{\mathbf{r}}_{12}}{r_{12}^2}$ | | Wave equation: $\nabla^2 \mathbf{E} = \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{E}}{\partial t^2}$ $c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_0 \mu_0}}$ |
| $\mathbf{F}_m = q\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}$ <p>or</p> $d\mathbf{F}_m = I d\mathbf{l} \times \mathbf{B}$ <p>Cyclotron: $m\mathbf{v}^2/r_c = qvB$ Velocity selection: $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{E}/B$ Hall effect: $\mathbf{E}_H = -\mathbf{v}_d \times \mathbf{B}$ Motion emf: $\mathcal{E}_m = B\ell v$ Magnetic dipole: $\mathbf{m} = IA\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ Torque on \mathbf{m}: $\boldsymbol{\tau} = \mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{B}$</p> | $\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}_2) = \oint_c \frac{\mu_0}{4} \frac{I_1 d\mathbf{l}_1 \times \hat{\mathbf{r}}_{12}}{r_{12}^2}$ <p>Straight segment Circular loop (full and broken) Solenoid: $\mathbf{B} = \mu_0 n\mathbf{I}$ Combinations of them $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{B}_1 + \mathbf{B}_2 + \mathbf{B}_3 + \dots$</p> | Motion emf: $\mathcal{E}_m = B\ell v$ <i>Flip coil</i> <i>Eddy current</i> <i>sliding rods on rails</i> Back emf: $\mathcal{E}_m = L \frac{dI}{dt}$ Solenoid: $L = \mu_0 n^2 A\ell$ LR circuits: $\mathcal{E}_m = L \frac{dI}{dt}$ | Poynting Vector of an EM wave: (intensity) $\mathbf{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{B}$ |
| | Ampere's law $\oint_c \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \mu_0 I_c + \mu_0 \int_{S_c} \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{A}$ | | |

